

2<sup>nd</sup> Edition

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# **Table of Contents**

Unit 1 Test	
Unit 2 Test	
Unit 3 Test	
Midterm	
Unit 4 Test	
Unit 5 Test	
Unit 6 Test	
Final Exam	



## **Unit 1 Test**

## **Vocabulary**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

You will hear the names of five countries lettered A to E. Match the letter of the country you hear to the correct national flag below. (5 points)











**2** You will hear four words. Write T if the word matches the illustration, or F if it does not. (4 points)











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→ /ソ↓・	7H ] •	

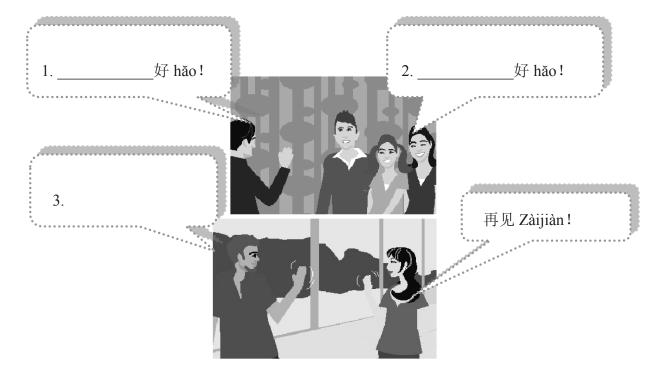
# **3** You will hear five sentences. Fill in the missing words in Pinyin. (6 points)

1	王 Wáng	,早上好 z	zăo shàng	hặo!
Ι.	wang	,十二月	Lau.snang	nao •

- 2. 你们是 Nǐ.mén shì \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 国人 guó rén?
- 3. 他的名字 Tā.de míng.zì \_\_\_\_\_\_ 李文 Lǐ Wén。
- 4. 我 Wǒ 岁 suì, 他 tā 岁 suì。
- 5. 你上 Nǐ shàng 年级 niánjí?

#### **Writing Test**

4 Complete the conversation by writing Pinyin for the most appropriate expression in the blanks. (3 points)



2 Unit 1 真棒 Level 1 Tests © EMC Publishing

☐ 廿□	々⇒	
日期:	<b>名子:</b>	
□ //J•		

十shí 同学 tóngxué 对 duì 高中 gāozhōng 中学生 zhōngxué.shēng 晚安 wǎn'ān 贵 guì

1.	,我得睡觉了 wǒ děi shuì-jiào .le。
2.	初中生和高中生都(both)是 Chūzhōng.shēng hé gāozhōng.shēng dōu shì
	°
3.	美国的 Měi.guó .de 年级是中国的 niánjí shì Zhōng.guó .de
	一年级 yì-niánjí。
4.	A: 请问 Qǐngwèn,您 nín姓 xìng?
	B: 我姓林 Wǒ xìng Lín。
5.	A: 这是法语教室吗 Zhè shì Fǎyǔ jiàoshì .ma?
	B:, 这是法语教室 zhè shì Fǎyǔ jiàoshì。

## **Language Patterns**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

**6** Listen to the recording and write the series of numbers you hear. (10 points)

6. 她是我的 Tā shì wǒ.de\_\_\_\_\_\_, 不是我的老师 bú shì wǒ .de lǎoshī。

1.			
•			
2.			

H //J・
--------

You will hear five statements lettered A-E. Match the letter of each statement to the appropriate picture below. (5 points)











#### **Writing Test**

- 8 Complete each dialogue by matching the sentences below with an appropriate statement from the box. (8 points)
  - A. 再见! Zàijiàn!
  - B. 一会儿见! Yí.huìr jiàn!
  - C. 好久不见! Hǎo jiǔ bú jiàn!
  - D. 他生病了。Tā shēngbìng .le.
  - E. 我修德语课。Wǒ xiū Déyǔ kè.
  - F. 她上高一年级。Tā shàng gāo yī-niánjí.
  - G. 他也上高一年级。Tā yě shàng gāo yī-niánjí.
  - H. 对,他们是墨西哥人。Duì, tā.mén shì Mòxīgērén.

1. <b>A:</b> 好久不见! <i>Hǎo</i> jiǔ bú jiàn!
--

- 2. **A:** 我得走了。*Wŏ děi* zǒu .le. **B:** \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. **A:** 我修西班牙语课。Wǒ xiū Xībānyáyǔ kè. **B:** \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. A: 谁上高一年级? Shéi shàng gāo yī-niánjí? B: \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. **A:** 一会儿见! Yí.huìr jiàn **B:** \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. **A:** 林校长最近好吗? Lín xiàozhǎng zuìjìn hǎo .ma? **B:** \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. **A:** 他们是墨西哥人吗? Tā.mén shì Mòxīgērén .ma? **B:** \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. **A:** 我上高一年级,他呢?Wǒ shàng gāo yī-niánjí, tā .ne? **B:** \_\_\_\_\_

que	stion words or phrases in that sentence. (10 points)
1.	你几岁 Nǐ jǐ-suì
2.	我姓林 Wǒ xìng Lín
3.	最近好吗 Zuìjìn hǎo .ma
4.	你是哪国人 Nǐ shì něi-guó rén
5.	我得上课了 Wǒ děi shàng-kè .le
6.	他叫什么名字 Tā jiào shén.me míng.zì
7.	这是法语教室吗 Zhè shì Fǎyǔ jiàoshì .ma
8.	他们上高三年级 Tā.mén shàng gāo sān-niánjí
9.	她是中学生,对不对 Tā shì zhōngxué.shēng, duì .bú duì
10.	我上中文课,你呢 Wǒ shàng Zhōngwén kè, nǐ .ne
se	Vrite questions in Pinyin that can be answered by the underlined part of entences below. (12 points) 他十二岁。 Tā shí'èr-suì.
se 1.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1. 2.	entences below. (12 points) 他 <u>十二</u> 岁。Tā <u>shí'èr</u> -suì.
2. 3.	entences below. (12 points) 他十二岁。Tā shí'èr-suì. 我叫 <u>林友</u> 。Wǒ jiào <u>Lín Yǒu</u> .
1. 2. 3. 4. 4.	entences below. (12 points) 他十二岁。Tā shí'èr-suì.  我叫 <u>林友</u> 。Wǒ jiào <u>Lín Yǒu</u> .  他们是 <u>墨西哥</u> 人。Tā.mén shì <u>Mòxīgērén</u> .

日期: \_\_\_\_\_

日期:	名字:	

## **Proficiency Writing**

**11** Listen to the recording and write the characters as you hear. (5 points)

1.	2
1.	<u>Z.</u>

# **Speaking**

**12** Role-play the following situation with your teacher or a classmate who your teacher assigns. (10 points)

It is the first day of school. You meet a new classmate Wáng Huá, a Chinese exchange student, and start to talk to her. After a while, your teacher enters the classroom. You introduce the exchange student to your teacher.

- Say hello to the classmate.
- Introduce yourself.
- Ask the classmate his or her name.
- Ask what her nationality is.
- Ask how old she is.
- Tell her that you are happy to meet her.
- Greet your teacher.
- Introduce Wáng Huá to your teacher.

日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Reading

**13** This is a website where international students post their profiles. Read the information below and answer the following questions in Pinyin. (5 points)

#### intl/tudent.com

留言在这里 liúyán zài zhèlǐ...

第一页, 上一页 下一页 最后一页



Sean 17岁 shíqī-suì 2010.7.6 6:40 posted

早安! Zǎo'ān! 我是 Sean, 我上高三年级。Wǒ shì Sean, wǒ shàng gāo sān-niánjí. 我十七岁。Wǒ shíqī-suì.:D



Momoko 15 岁 shíwǔ-suì 2010.7.6 12:30 posted

大家好,我是 Momoko,我上高二年级。 Dàjiā hǎo, wǒ shì Momoko, wǒ shàng gāo èr-niánjí. 很高兴认识大家! Hěn gāoxìng rèn.shì dàjiā!



James 16 岁 shíliù-suì 2010.7.6. 22:45 posted

嗨! Hāi! 我是 James,我的中文名字叫李明。Wǒ shì Jmaes, wǒ.de Zhōngwén míng.zì jiào Lǐ Míng. 我上高二年级。Wǒ shàng gāo èr-niánjí.

第一页,上一页 下一页 最后一页

- 1. Momoko 是哪国人? Momoko shì něi-guó rén?
- 2. 谁上高三年级? Shéi shàng gāo sān-niánjí?
- 3. Sean 是英国人,James 呢? Sean shì Yīng.guórén, James .ne?
- 4. James 的中文名字是什么? James .de Zhōngwén míng.zì shì shén.me?
- 5. Sean 早上留言(to leave message)吗? Sean zǎo.shàng liúyán .ma?

日期:	名字:	
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## Culture

8

1.	China has had great inf	luence on the political, economic and social systems of
	which country?	
2.	A. North Korea B. France Which one of the peopl	C. Russia D. Japan le below would most likely be introduced last to others
	in a social setting?	
	<ul><li>A. your boss</li><li>B. your father</li></ul>	C. your spouse D. your child
5 Answe	r the following question	as. (6 points)
1. What do t	he Chinese people traditi	ionally say when greeting each other?

日期:	名字:
3. What is the literal meaning of the Chi	inese word for China (Zhōng.guó)?

**16** Number the following languages in order of popularity amongst students studying foreign languages in China. (2 points)

 Russian
 French
 English

## **Unit 2 Test**

## **Vocabulary**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

1 You will hear a recording about the family in this illustration. Write the relationship and age of each family member. (12 points)



#### **Writing Test**

**2** Write down the pet's name in Chinese. (6 points)



1.



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3.

**3** Look at the illustrations and fill in blanks with Pinyin for the measure words of each item. (6 points)



1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_

# **Language Patterns**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

4 You will hear six dialogues lettered A-F. Write the letter of each dialogue next to the corresponding calendar. (6 points)













You will hear nine statements or dialogues about pastimes lettered A-I. Write the letter of the correct statement or dialogue under the appropriate picture below. (9 points)



















日期:	名字:
H ///·	H 7 •

#### **Writing Test**

**6** Fill in the blanks with 几 jǐ, 多少 duōshǎo, or both to complete the sentences below. (5 points)

1.	你的手机号码是 Nǐ.de shǒujī hàom	?		
2.	他家有 Tā jiā yǒu	口人 kǒu rén?		
3.	你有 Nǐ yǒu	_支笔 zhī bǐ?		
4.	今天是 Jīn.tiān shì	月 yuè	日	rì?

**7** Match each question in the first column with the corresponding response in the second column. (5 points)

1	他的生日是几月几号?	A. 那是林先生。
	Tā.de shēng.rì shì jǐ-yuè jǐ-hào?	Nà shì Lín xiān.shēng.
2	他吃不吃生日蛋糕?	B. 他是我们的校长。
	Tā chī bù chī shēng.rì dàngāo?	Tā shì wŏ.mén .de xiàozhăng.
3	谁是林先生?	C. 三月二号。
	Shéi shì Lín xiān.shēng?	Sānyuè èr-hào.
4	林先生是谁?	D. 对,他吃很多。
	Lín xiān.shēng shì shéi?	Duì, tā chī hěn duō.
5	他吃很多饭吗?	E. 他吃。
	Tā chī hěn duō fàn ma?	Tā chī

8	Decide if the following sentences are grammatically correct or not. Write Y on the
	first blank if the sentence is correct or N if it is not. Correctly rewrite any grammatically incorrect sentences on the second line. (20 points)
1.	. 你不有哥哥。Nǐ bù yǒu gē.x.
2.	. 谁是这? Shéi shì zhè?
3.	—————————————————————————————————————
4.	—————————————————————————————————————
5.	—————————————————————————————————————
6.	—————————————————————————————————————
7.	—————————————————————————————————————
8.	—————————————————————————————————————

10. 你有几纸? Nǐ yǒu jǐ zhǐ?

# **Proficiency Writing**

**9** Write translations in Pinyin for the following English sentences. (5 points)

- 1. I have three pets, one dog and two cats.
- 2. My younger brother's birthday is December 24<sup>th</sup>.
- 3. My pastimes are reading and listening to music.
- 4. Do they play baseball tomorrow?
- 5. This is my dad and mom, and that is my (maternal) grandpa and grandma.

日期:	名字:	•
<b>□</b> ///J•		

## **Speaking**

# **10** Role-play the following situation with your teacher. (10%)

You are waiting for class in the corridor. A classmate comes to you and you start to talk about your family. (Your teacher may play the role of the classmate.)

- Greet the classmate
- Say how old you are and ask your classmate's birthday.
- Ask how many people your class has in his/her family.
- Introduce how many and what family members you have.
- Ask how old his/her siblings are.
- Introduce the name(s) of your sibling(s).
- Say your classmate how old your siblings are.
- Ask what his/her family members' pastimes are.
- Say what your family members' like to do at their leisure times.
- Ask what your classmate's pastimes are and suggest to do something together.

日期: 名字:

## Reading

# **11** Use the information in the box to answer the following questions in Pinyin.

(5 points)

学生资料卡 xuéshēng zīliàokă

刘樱 Liú Yīng 姓名 xìngmíng:

女 nǚ 1995-10-1 性别 xìngbié: 生日 shēng.rì: 民族 mínzú: 汉族 Hànzú

学校 xuéxiào: 青海省海南州中学 Qīnghǎishěng Hǎinánzhōu

zhōngxué

zhōngxué 高一. 3 班 gāo yī sān-bān 班级 bānjí:

父亲 fùqīn: 刘明 Liú Míng 母亲 mǔqīn: 李青 Lǐ Qīng

兄弟姐妹 xiōngdì-哥哥高三 gē.x gāo sān 妹妹小学 mèi.x xiǎoxué jiěmèi:

- 1. 她几岁? Tā jǐ-suì?
- 2. 她的生日是几月几号? Tā.de shēng.rì shì jǐ-yuè jǐ-hào?
- 3. 她上高三年级,对不对? Tā shàng gāo sān-niánjí, duì .bú duì?
- 4. 她有几个兄弟姐妹? Tā yǒu jǐ-.ge xiōngdì-jiěmèi?
- 5. 她的兄弟姐妹都上高中吗? Tā.de xiōngdì-jiěmèi dōu shàng gāozhōng .ma?

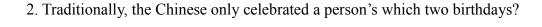
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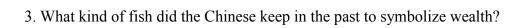
<b>12</b>	Write the letter of the word in the group that does not belong.	(2 p	oints`
	write the letter of the word in the group that does not belong.	(∠ p	UIII

 1. A	. gē.x	B. dì.x	C. mā.x	D. tángjiě
2. A	. biăogē	B. tángd	ì C. táng	gē D. zŭfù

# **13** Answer the following questions in English. (8 points)

1.	Which sport that the Americans introduced to the Chinese in 1894 has since become
	one of China's favorite sports?





4. Why are the Chinese more precise in the way they address their family members compared to Westerners?

# **Unit 3 Test**

## Vocabulary

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

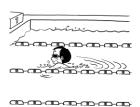
**1** You will hear three statements. Underline logical or illogical according to whether the statement matches the illustration below or not. (3 points)



1. logical / illogical



2. logical / illogical

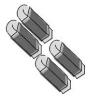


3. logical / illogical

**2** You will hear five statements. Write T if the statement matches the illustration or N if it does not. (5 points)



1.



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4.



5. \_\_\_\_\_

日期:		

名字: \_\_\_\_\_\_

# **3** You will hear seven statements. Match the events listed on the right to the corresponding dates on the left according to what you hear. (7 points)

1.	星期一
	Xīngqīyī

A. 跟朋友打排球。Gēn péng.yǒu dǎ páiqiú.

2. \_\_\_\_ 星期二 Xīngqī'èr

B. 跟哥哥去海边。Gēn gē.x qù hǎibiān.

3. \_\_\_\_\_ 星期三 Xīngqīsān

C. 去奶奶家。Qù nǎi.x jiā.

4. \_\_\_\_\_ 星期四 Xīngqīsì D. 读中文。Dú Zhōngwén.

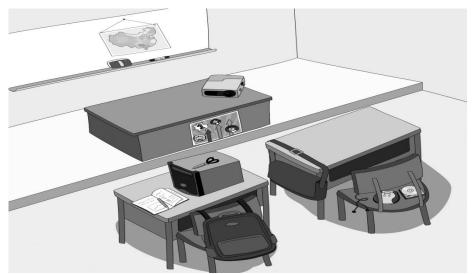
5. \_\_\_\_\_ 星期五 Xīngqīwǔ E. 有英文大考。Yǒu Yīngwén dàkǎo.

6. \_\_\_\_\_ 星期六 Xīngqīliù F. 去图书馆。Qù túshūguǎn.

7. \_\_\_\_\_ 星期日 Xīngqīrì G. 有中文小考。Yǒu Zhōngwén xiǎokǎo.

#### **Writing Test**

4 Fill in the blanks with Pinyin according to the illustration. (10 points)



- 1. 课本上有 Kèběn shàng yǒu \_\_\_\_\_。
- 2. 电脑上有 Diànnǎo shàng yǒu \_\_\_\_\_。
- 3. CD 播放机旁边有 bōfàngjī páng.biān yǒu 。
- 4. 白板上有白板笔 Báibǎn shàng yǒu báibǎnbǐ, \_\_\_\_\_ 和 hé \_\_\_\_\_。
- 5. 一个桌子上有 Yí-.ge zhuō.zi shàng yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_和 hé \_\_\_\_\_, 一个桌子旁边有 yí-.ge zhuō.zi páng.biān yǒu 。
- 6. 一个椅子后面有 yí-.ge yǐ.zi hòu.miàn yǒu 。
- 7. 讲台前面有 Jiǎngtái qián.miàn yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_,上面有投影机 shàng.miàn yǒu tóuyǐngjī。

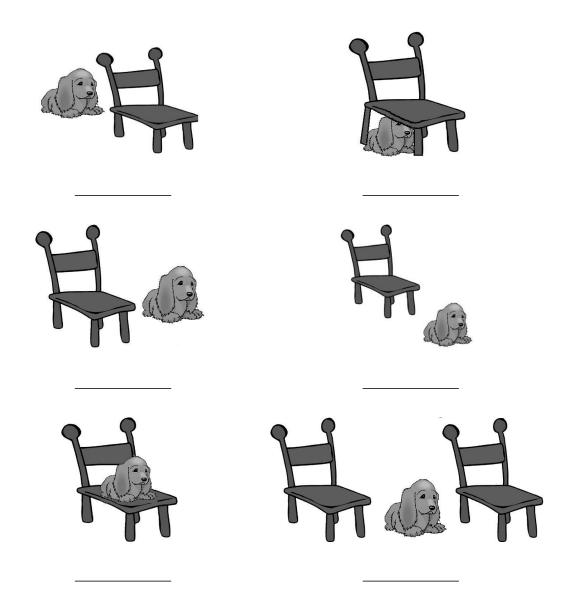
日期: \_\_\_\_\_

名字: \_\_\_\_\_

# **Language Patterns**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

**5** You will hear six statements lettered A - F. Match the letter of each statement to the appropriate picture below. (6 points)



Unit 3

23

**6** You will hear six statements. Write T if the statement matches the illustration or F if it does not. Correctly rewrite any false statements. (9 points)



1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.

#### **Writing Test**

**7** Look at the clock and write the time. (10 points)











日期:	名字:	

8 Fill in the blanks with the letter of the correct answer for each statement below. (5 points)

1.	桌子上 Zhuō.zi shàng 一支圆珠笔 yì-zhī yuánzhūbǐ。
	A. 是 shì B. 有 yǒu C. 在 zài
2.	你今天 Nǐ jīn.tiān 什么课 shén.me kè?
	A. 上 shàng B. 去 qù C. 来 lái
3.	他 Tā 他的家人去美术馆 tā.de jiārén qù měishùguǎn。
	A. 也 yě B. 给 gěi C. 跟 gēn
4.	我借一本德文书 Wǒ jiè yì-běn Déwén shū 他 tā。
	A. 还 hái B. 给 gěi C. 和 hé
5.	我喜欢化学 Wǒ xǐ.huān huàxué, 化学课很难 huàxué kè hěn nán。
	A. 也 yě B. 还有 hái yǒu C. 可是 kě.shì

**9** Match each question in the right column with the corresponding response in the left column. (4 points)

1. 你想做什么? Nǐ xiǎng zuò shén.me?
2. 学校在哪儿? Xuéxiào zài năr?
3. 你要去学校吗? Nǐ yào qù xuéxiào .ma?
 4. 我们可以一起吃饭吗? Wŏ.mén <i>kĕ</i> yĭ yìqĭ chī-fàn .ma?

- A. 可以,当然可以。 *Kě*yǐ, dāngrán *kě*yǐ.
- B. 我想打台球。 *Wǒ xiǎng* dǎ táiqiú.
- C. 学校在公园旁边。 Xuéxiào zài gōngyuán pang.biān.
- D. 对,他吃很多。 Duì, tā chī hěn duō.

26 Unit 3 真棒 Level 1 Tests © EMC Publishing

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1	0	Paraphrase the sentences with another 给 gĕi pattern. (5 poin	te)
	•	raraphrase the sentences with another $=$ get pattern. (5 poin	.US]

- 1. 他借他的电脑给我。Tā jiè tā.de diànnǎo gěi wǒ.
- 2. 我借三本书给他。Wǒ jiè sān-běn shū gěi tā.
- 3. 李太太借给林太太一支笔。Lǐ tài.x jiè gěi Lín tài.x yì-zhī bǐ.
- 4. 大军借给小华一个排球。Dàjūn jiè gěi Xiǎohuá yí-.ge páiqiú.
- 5. 请借给我五张纸。Qǐng jiè *gěi wǒ* wǔ-zhāng zhǐ.
- **11** Decide if the following sentences are grammatically correct or not. Write Y on the first blank if the sentence is correct or N if it is not. Correctly rewrite any grammatically incorrect sentences on the second line. (6 points)
  - 1. 他去骑自行车这个星期天。Tā qù qí zìxíngchē zhèi.-ge Xīngqītiān.

  - ,
  - 3. 我们去打篮球跟朋友。Wǒ.mén qù dǎ lánqiú gēn péng.yǒu.

2. 什么课你上下个学期? Shén.me kè nǐ shàng xià.-ge xuéqī?

日期:	名字:	
<i>□ 7</i> 9J•	11 ] :	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

## **Proficiency Writing**

		3	
3	Write translations in Pinyin for the	e following English sentences.	(2 points
1.	They are in the museum.		

## **Speaking**

# **14** Role play the following situation with your teacher. (10 points)

- Bring your pencil box/ bag. Introduce what you have in the pencil box/ bag.
   (2%, name any four items at least)
- 2. There are many stationary on your teacher's desk. Ask your teacher if you can borrow anything (one or two items) you don't have in your pencil box/ bag from him/ her. (1%)
- 3. Tell your teacher what classes you have today. (1%)
- 4. Tell your teacher what your favorite class is and why. (2%)
- 5. Tell your teacher what is the subject you don't like and why. (2%)
- 6. Tell your teacher what you are going to do this weekend. With whom you are going and at what time. (2%)

日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_

## Reading

# 15 Look at the schedule in the chart below and answer the questions in Pinyin. (5 points)

	星期一	星期二	星期三	星期四	星期五	星期六	星期日
	Xīngqīyī	Xīngqī'èr	Xīngqīsān	Xīngqīsì	Xīngqīwŭ	Xīngqīliù	Xīngqīrì
10:00 ~		篮球	足球	篮球	足球	游泳	足球
11:00		lánqiú	zúqiú	lánqiú	zúqiú	yóuyŏng	zúqiú
15:00 ~		棒球	棒球	棒球	棒球	篮球	棒球
16:00		bàngqiú	bàngqiú	bàngqiú	bàngqiú	lánqiú	bàngqiú
16:30 ~		排球	滑板	排球	滑板	滑板	排球
17:30		páiqiú	huábăn	páiqiú	huábăn	huábăn	páiqiú
19:30 ~		游泳	网球	游泳	网球	跳舞	网球
20:30		yóuyŏng	wăngqiú	yóuyŏng	wăngqiú	tiàowŭ	wăngqiú
20:30 ~		有氧运	举重	有氧运	举重	瑜珈	瑜珈
21:30		动	jŭzhòng	动	jŭzhòng	yújiā	yújiā
		<i>yŏu</i> yăng		<i>yŏu</i> yăng			
		yùndòng		yùndòng			

- 1. 星期几没有课? Xīngqī-jǐ méi.yǒu kè?
- 2. 星期四有几堂(measure word for class)课? Xīngqīsì yǒu jǐ-táng kè?
- 3. 星期几有举重课? Xīngqī-jǐ yǒu jǔzhòng kè?
- 4. 瑜珈课在星期几? 几点? Yújiā kè zài xīngqī-jǐ? Jǐ-diǎn?
- 5. 什么课只有星期六和星期日有? Shén.me kè zhǐ yǒu Xīngqīliù hé Xīngqīrì yǒu?

∃期 <b>:</b>	名字:
→ /ソ↓•	'님 」・

#### **Culture**

# **16** Fill in the blanks to complete the sentences below. (2 points)

1.	The atmosphere of academic cram schools during the summer months, especially			
	before an important national exam, can be likened to that of a	camp		

2. Ink is often solidified into ink sticks for easier

# **17** Select the correct answer for each question below. (4 points)

1.	What would you I	NOT be able to	buy/do at	night markets?
----	------------------	----------------	-----------	----------------

- A. buy clothing/accessories
- B. eat snacks and delicacies
- C. play "scoop the goldfish"
- D. sing karaoke with friends

\_ 2. Which of the following statements is true for Chinese high school students?

- A. They eat lunch in the school cafeteria.
- B. They have music and math classes in different classrooms.
- C. Seniors go home earlier to prepare for college entrance exams.
- D. They can do whatever they like during homeroom before first period.

3. Which of the following statements is NOT correct?

- A. The four treasures of the study are the brush, paper, ink and inkstone.
- B. You should grind inksticks with a lot of force on an inkstone to produce ink.
- C. The way one holds a calligraphy brush is different to the way one holds a pen.
- D. Chinese calligraphy has played an important role in both literature and art.

4. Which of the following classes belongs to a different type of cram school than the others?

- A. piano classes
- B. painting classes
- C. calculus classes
- D. Japanese classes

日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_

#### **Midterm**

#### **Vocabulary**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

1 You will hear four statements. Write T in the blank if the statement matches the corresponding illustration or F if it does not. (4 points)









1.

2.

3.

4.

**2** You will hear the sentences and questions listed below. Write the missing words in Pinyin. (4 points)

1. 这是我 Zhè shì wǒ \_\_\_\_\_\_, 那是我外公 nà shì wǒ wàigōng。

2. 我们可以 Wǒ.mén kěyǐ\_\_\_\_\_\_回家吗 huí jiā .ma?

3. 日本电影很 Rìběn diànyǐng hěn\_\_\_\_\_。

4. 你的 Nǐ.de\_\_\_\_\_\_在哪儿 zài năr?

日期:	<i>妇中</i>	7
I ДД•	24子	<u>_</u> •
<b>□</b> /y,,•		•

- **3** You will hear four dialogues. Circle logical if they sound right or illogical if they do not. (4 points)
  - 1. logical / illogical
  - 2. logical / illogical
  - 3. logical / illogical
  - 4. logical / illogical

#### **Writing Test**

4 Fill in the blanks with the appropriate words from the box below. (4 points)

□ #u	夕 今	
□ 共H•	五千:	

5	Write the letter of the appropriate choice to complete each sentence below.
	(4 points)

1. 我的铅笔盒里有 Wǒ.de qiānbǐhé lǐ yǒu	o
A. 棒球 bàngqiú B. 尺子 chǐ.zi C. 课本 kèběn  2. 老师借 Lǎoshī jiè	έi wŏ∘
A. 考试 kǎoshì B. 名字 míng.zì C. 修正液 xiūzhèngyè	
3. 现在晚上十二点 Xiànzài wăn.shàng shí'èr-diǎn,你得 <i>nǐ</i> děi	了.le。
A. 打球 dǎ-qiú B. 上课 shàng-kè C. 睡觉 shuì-jiào	
4. 这个活页夹里有很多 Zhèige wénjiànjiā lǐ <i>yǒu</i> hěn duō A. 纸 zhǐ B. 人 rén C. 球 qiú	· · · · · · · · ·

# **6** Answer the following questions in Chinese characters. (4 points)

- 1. 你家有几口人?Nǐ jiā yǒu *jǐ-*kǒu rén?
- 2. 你家有没有狗? Nǐ jiā yǒu méi.yǒu gǒu?
- 3. 你上几年级?Nǐ shàng jǐ-niánjí?
- 4. 今天星期几? Jīn.tiān xīngqī jǐ?

# **Language Patterns**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

- **7** You will hear six questions or statements. Write Y if it is a question or N if it is a statement. (6 points)
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_

- 2. 4. 6.
- 8 You will hear three dialogues. Write the corresponding time in each clock illustration below. (3 points)
  - 1.



2.



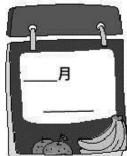
3.



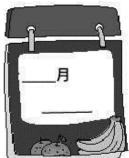
- 9 You will hear three dialogues. Write the date in each calendar illustration below. (3 points)
  - 1.



2.



3.



日期:	名字:
10	You will hear six questions and one statement. Write the number in the
	appropriate blank to match the best responses below. (6 points)
1	A. 他七十岁。Tā qī.shí-suì.
2	B. 我得去上课了。 <i>Wŏ</i> děi qù shàng-kè .le.
3	C. 没有,我是独生女。Méi.yǒu, wǒ shì dúshēngnǚ.
4	D. 他们是我的同学。Tā.mén shì wŏ.de tóngxué.
5	E. 当然可以。Dāngrán <i>k</i> ěyǐ.
6	F. 我也很高兴认识你。Wǒ yě hěn gāoxìng rèn.shì nǐ.
Writi	ng Test
11	Write the letter of the correct choice in the blank to complete the sentences below.
	(3 points)
1	给 gěi
我	可以 Wǒ kěyǐ _A_ 借 jiè _B_ 你 nǐ _C_ 一个足球 yíge zúqiú。
2	还 hái
他'	Tā <u>A</u> 要去 yào qù <u>B</u> 公园 gōngyuán, <u>C</u> 要去美术馆 yào qù měishùguǎn。
3	星期日 Xīngqīrì

我们 Wǒ.mén <u>A</u> 在家 zài jiā <u>B</u> 看电影 kàn diànyǐng <u>C</u>.

- **12** Reorder these words to make a complete sentence. Write the letters below each word on the line in the correct order. (3 points)
  - 1. <u>在 zài 你的 nǐ.de 哪儿 năr 英文 Yīngwén 书 shū</u> A B C D E

\_\_\_\_\_

2. <u>几 jǐ 你 nǐ 双 shuāng 有 yǒu 鞋 xié</u> A B C D E

\_\_\_\_\_

- 3. 她的 tā.de给 gěi很多 hěn duō爸妈 bà-mā她 tā衣服 yī.fúABCDEF
- **13** Complete the sentences with the correct location according to the illustration below. (6 points)



- 1. 大明在小方 Dàmíng zài Xiǎofāng
- 2. 美美在小方 Měiměi zài Xiǎofāng
- 3. 小方在大明和美美 Xiǎofāng zài Dàmíng hé Měiměi

\_\_\_\_\_

日期:		

名字: \_\_\_\_\_\_



4. 狗在椅子 Gǒu zài yǐzi\_\_\_\_\_。



5. 狗在椅子 Gǒu zài yǐzi



6. 狗在椅子 Gǒu zài yǐzi

# **14** Make questions in Chinese characters to ask the underlined part in the sentences below. (6 points)

- 1. 我的物理课<u>九点</u>。Wǒ.de wùlǐ kè <u>jiǔ-diǎn</u>.
- 2. 我要借<u>胶水</u>。Wǒ yào jiè jiāo shuǐ.
- 3. <u>有</u>,他<u>有</u>中文课本。<u>Yǒu</u>, tā yǒu zhōngwén kèběn.

]期:	:名字:
4.	<u>白苹</u> 是我姐姐。 <u>Bái Píng</u> shì wǒ jiě.x.
5. 1	他要 <u>二十张</u> 纸。Tā yào <u>èr.shí-zhāng</u> zhǐ.
6. ₹	我周末要去 <u>图书馆</u> 。Wǒ zhōumò yào qù <u>túshūguăn</u> .
	Officiency Writing  Translate the following English sentences into Chinese. Write your answers in characters. (6 points)
15	Translate the following English sentences into Chinese. Write your answers in
<b>1</b> 5	Translate the following English sentences into Chinese. Write your answers in characters. (6 points)
1. 2.	Translate the following English sentences into Chinese. Write your answers in characters. (6 points)  What's her nationality?

日期:	名字:	

16	Write five sentences in Chinese characters to indicate the location of the following
	objects in your classroom. (6 points)

- The posters or maps
- The podium
- Your desk
- Your backpack
- Your textbook
- Your pens

1.	_ °
2.	_°
3.	_°
4.	_°
5.	0

#### **Speaking**

# **17** Introduce yourself in Chinese using the cues from the list below. (10 points)

- Your name (last name and first name separately)
- Your Chinese name (If you don't have a Chinese name, you still need to say you don't have it.)
- Your nationality
- Your birthday, including the year
- Your age
- Your grade
- The number of people in your family
- The family members you have
- Your pets and their names. (If you don't have any pet, you still need to say you don't have it.)

∃期:           名字:
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#### Reading

**18** Mao Wen and his friends take Chinese class together. Answer the following questions in Pinyin according to the information below. (10 points)

我是 Andrew,中文名字 是安德鲁。我喜欢打篮 球、棒球,我还喜欢踢足 球。欢迎你一起来玩。很 高兴认识你!

我叫 Angela,中文名字是安 琪,我很喜欢这个名字。我也 有一只狗,它叫 Pipi,我们可 以带我们的狗一起去公园。欢 迎来美国,希望你喜欢这里。 我是林华中,我也是中国人,可是我三岁的时候就来美国了。我的英文名字是 Jason,我的朋友都叫我 JJ。我们一起上化学课和物理课,所以可以一起去图书馆!

我是 May, 我的中文名字是 王美。我喜欢看电影,还喜 欢去购物中心。我可以跟你 一起去买东西。我喜欢骑自 行车,我们可以一起骑自行

- 1. 谁是中国人? Shéi shì Zhōng.guó rén?
- 2. 谁有狗? Shéi yǒu gǒu?
- 3. Angela 的宠物是什么? Máo Wén .de chŏngwù shì shén.me?

日期:	名字:
4. Andrew 喜欢什么运动(sport)? Andrew xǐ.hi	uān shén.me yùndòng?
5. 林华中的朋友叫他什么? Lín Huázhōng .de	péng.yŏu jiào tā shén.me?
6. May 中文名字叫什么?May .de Yīngwén m	níng.zì jiào shén.me?
	ıō tā.mén <i>kĕ</i> yĭ qí zìxíngchē qù năr?

8. 毛文和林华中一起上什么课? Máo Wén hé Lín Huázhōng yìqǐ shàng shén.me kè?

#### **Culture**

19 Write the letter of the correct answer in the blanks from the choices given.

Note: the correct answer may be more than one. (4 points)

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Which of the following statements is true?
  - A. Chinese family names always precede the given name.
  - B. Most Chinese family names have more than one syllable.
  - C. In the past, many famous Chinese poets wrote revered texts using quills.
  - D. *Gongshou zuoyi* is the phrase used to describe handing others one's business cards with both hands.
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ You have a *tángjiě* who is a doctor. Her name is Lín Tíngtíng. What would be the best way to introduce her to another person?
  - A. Zhè shì wŏ.de tángjiě, Tíngtíng xiǎojiě. (This is my tangjie, Miss Tingting.)
  - B. Zhè shì Lín xiǎojiě, tā shì wǒ.de tángjiě. (This is Miss Lin. She is my tangjie.)
  - C. Zhè shì wŏ.de tángjiě, Tíngtíng yìshēng. (This is my tangjie, Doctor Tingting.)
  - D. Zhè shì wŏ.de tángjiě, Lín yìshēng. (This is my tangjie, Doctor Lin.)
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ What is NOT true about "black dogs" in China?
  - A. There are no "black dogs" in Inner Mongolia.
  - B. "Black dogs" do not always have a black coat.
  - C. "Black dogs" are always strays, never pets.
  - D. They are believed to be omens of death.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ What is NOT true about Chinese schools/students?
  - A. Children attend senior high school for three years after junior high school before going to college.
  - B. A school day for seniors in vocational high schools is usually shorter than that of "normal" high schools.
  - C. Only high school students need to clean their own classrooms as kids in grade school are too young.
  - D. Only children who are struggling with their school work go to cram schools after school and/or on weekends.

日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_

**20** Answer the following questions in English according to what you have learned. (4 points)

1. Where is the Silk Road, and what was its purpose?

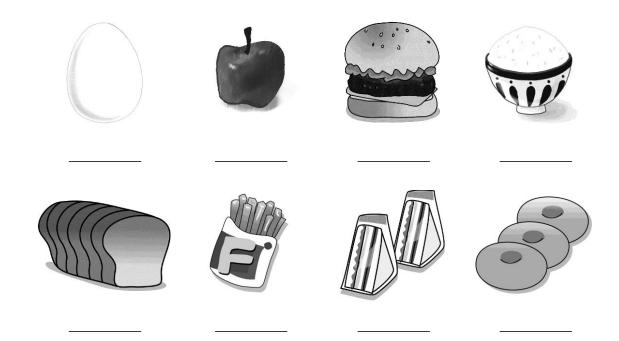
2. What information can you get from the way a Chinese person addresses his/her relatives?

# **Unit 4 Test**

#### **Vocabulary**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

1 You will hear eight words lettered A - H. Match the letter of each word to the appropriate picture below. (8 points)



- **2** You will hear four statements. Underline logical if the statement is true or illogical if it is not true. (4 points)
  - 1. logical / illogical
- 2. logical / illogical
- 3. logical / illogical
- 4. logical / illogical

日期: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_\_\_

# **3** You will hear three statements. Underline True if the statement matches the illustration or False if it does not. (3 points)







1. True / False

2. True / False

3. True / False

#### **Writing Test**

**4** Write Pinyin in the blanks for the flavor of each food item. (6 points)



1



2.



3.



4.



5.



6. \_\_\_\_\_

日期:	<b>→</b> →
H HII.	名字:
□ ☆□:	有干:

- **5** Fill in the blanks with the Pinyin of the local currency used in the places given. (4 points)
  - 1. 我爸爸要去中国 Wǒ bà.x yào qù Zhōng.guó,他要用 tā yào yòng \_\_\_\_\_。
  - 2. 我哥哥要去日本 Wǒ gē.x yào qù Rìběn, 他要用 tā yào yòng \_\_\_\_\_。
  - 3. 我妈妈要去德国 Wǒ mā.x yào qù Dé.guó, 她要用 tā yào yòng \_\_\_\_\_。
  - 4. 我妹妹在美国 Wǒ mèi.x zài Měi.guó,她用 tā yòng \_\_\_\_\_\_。

#### **Language Patterns**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

**6** You will hear six dialogues related to numbers. Write the number according to each question you hear. (6 points)

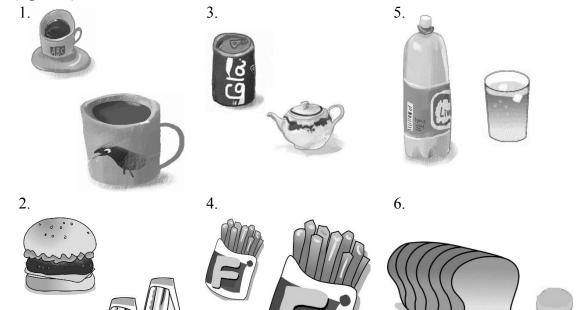
1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_

- **7** You will hear three statements. Underline logical if the statement is true or illogical if it is not. (3 points)
  - 1. logical / illogical
  - 2. logical / illogical
  - 3. logical / illogical

**8** You will hear six dialogues. Circle the item or items that the second person says.

(6 points)



#### **Writing Test**

**9** Each sentence below has three blanks. Write the letter of the correct spot where the Chinese word provided should be inserted. (3 points)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 只 zhǐ

\_\_A\_\_ 弟弟 dì.x \_\_B\_\_ 吃 chī \_C\_ 肉和米饭 ròu hé mǐfàn。

2. \_\_\_\_\_ 一下 yí.xià

你 Nǐ  $\_$   $\underline{A}$  看 kàn  $\underline{B}$  , 我 wǒ  $\underline{C}$  不懂 bù dǒng。

3. \_\_\_\_\_ 一共 yígòng

馄饨 Hún.tún \_A \_\_ 烧饼 shāobǐng, \_B \_\_ 多少钱 duōshǎo qián \_C \_?

<b>∃期:</b> 名字	:
---------------	---

# **10** Fill in the blanks with the words provided in the box below. (5 points)

	还 hái	点 diăn	都 dōu	一下 yí.xià	还是 hái.shì	
1	. 请你们等 🤇	<i>Qĭng</i> nĭ.mén c	lĕng	o		
2	你要薯片 N	Nĭ yào shŭpià	n	薯条 shǔtiá	0?	
3	. 他要 Tā yào	0	什么东西	哲 shén.me dōng.	xī?	
4.	烧饼和包子	我 Shāobǐng	hé bāo.zi w	vŏ	想吃 xiǎng chī。	
5.	妹妹喜欢吃	牛肉、猪肉	Mèi.x xĭ.hu	ān chī niúròu、 z	hūròu,	喜欢吃
	羊肉 xǐ.hu	ıān chī yángr	òu。			

# **11** Match each question in the right column with the corresponding response in the left column. (5 points)

1	_ 你要橙汁吗?	A. 豆浆或是牛奶。
	Nǐ yào chéng zhī .ma?	Dòujiāng huò.shì niúnăi.
2	_ 你们有没有豆浆?	B. 不用,谢谢!
	Nǐ.mén yǒu méi.yǒu dòujiāng?	Bú yòng, xiè.x!
3	_ 你要不要果汁?	C. 有,你要几个?
	Nǐ yào .bú yào guŏzhī?	Yǒu, nǐ yào jǐge?
4	_ 你早上喝什么?	D. 对不起,没有。
	Nǐ zǎo.shàng hē shén.me?	Duì.bùqĭ, méiyŏu.
5	_ 你们有包子吗?	E. 要,我要苹果汁。
	Nĭ.mén yŏu bāo.zi .ma?	Yào, wŏ yào píngguŏzhī.

日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_\_

# **12** Look at the three sentences in each group below and choose the one that uses the language pattern correctly. (5 points)

1.	A. 他想吃东西一点儿。	Tā xiăng chī dōng.xī yì.diănr
- •		1 00 11100117 01111 0101171111 / 1101101111

- B. 他想一点儿吃东西。Tā xiǎng yì.diǎnr chī dōng.xī.
- C. 他想吃一点儿东西。Tā xiǎng chī yì.diǎnr dōng.xī.

2.	A. 我们快要下课了。	Wŏ.mén kuài yào xià-kè .le
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- B. 我们要了快下课。Wŏ.mén yào .le kuài xià-kè.
- C. 我们要下课快了。Wǒ.mén yào xià-kè kuài .le.
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ A. 什么茶你们有? Shén.me chá nǐ.mén yǒu?
  - B. 你们有什么茶? Nǐ.mén yǒu shén.me chá?
  - C. 茶你们有什么? Chá nǐ.mén yǒu shén.me?
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ A. 你家有没有东西喝的? Nǐ jiā yǒu méi.yǒu dōng.xī hē .de?
  - B. 你家有喝的东西没有? Nǐ jiā yǒu hē .de dōng.xī méi.yǒu?
  - C. 你家的东西有没有喝? Nǐ jiā .de dōng.xī yǒu méi.yǒu hē?
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ A. 牛肉面和鸡汤面我都喜欢。Niúròumiàn hé jītāngmiàn wǒ dōu xǐ.huān.
  - B. 都牛肉面和鸡汤面我喜欢。Dōu niúròumiàn hé jītāngmiàn wǒ xǐ.huān.
  - C. 我喜欢都牛肉面和鸡汤面。Wǒ xǐ.huān dōu niúròumiàn hé jītāngmiàn.

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- **13** Rewrite the questions below to use the "Adj. 不 bù/bú Adj." pattern instead of "吗.ma". (6 points)
  - 1. 烧饼脆吗? Shāobǐng cuì .ma?
  - 2. 油条好吃吗? Yóutiáo hǎochī .ma?
  - 3. 你的猫大吗? Nǐ.de māo dà .ma?
  - 4. 这杯饮料苦吗? Zhèi-bēi yǐnliào kǔ .ma?
  - 5. 中文课的学生多吗? Zhōngwén kè .de xué.shēng duō .ma?
  - 6. 化学课有意思吗? Huàxué kè yǒuyì.sì .ma?

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- **14** Use the adverb 都  $d\bar{o}u$  to combine the two sentences within each group into a single sentence or change the sentence pattern if there is only one sentence in the group. (6 points)

  - 2. 爸爸四十四岁,妈妈也四十四岁。Bà.x sìshísì-suì, mā.x yě sìshísì-suì.

1. 炸鸡很油。薯条很油。Zhájī hěn yóu. Shǔtiáo hěn yóu.

- 3. 她是美国人,他也是美国人。Tā shì Měi.guórén, tā yě shì Měi.uórén.
- 4. 我吃羊肉和鸭肉。Wǒ chī yángròu hé yāròu.
- 5. 他喝红茶, 也喝绿茶。Tā hē hóngchá, yě hē lǜchá.
- 6. 李华跟朱云一起上西班牙文课。Lǐ Huá gēn Zhū Yún yìqǐ shàng Xībānyáwén kè.

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#### **Proficiency Writing**

	You will hear two words. Write the characters for each one. (2 points)  1 2
6	Write translations in Pinyin for the following English sentences. (3 points)
1.	How much is a bottle of water?
2.	Mom wants to eat noodles, and dad wants to eat rice.

#### **Speaking**

**17** Role-play the following situation with your teacher. (5 points)

You go to a restaurant for some to-go food. You play the role of the customer and your teacher plays the role of the server. Use the following situation to have a conversation.

- Ask what drinks they would like to have. (1 point)
- Say what drink you want to order. (1 point)
- Ask if they would like to have something to eat and order. (2 point)
- Ask for the total. (1 point)
- 18 Your teacher will now ask you five questions in Chinese. Answer each question.

(5 points)

1.	
5	

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# Reading

19 Look at the restaurant business card below and answer the following questions in Pinyin. (5 points)

# 食方中餐厅 地道北京烤鸭 地址: 北京立安路 9631 号

电话: (010) 6678-1413 营业时间: 11:00~22:30



- 1. 这是哪国菜? Zhè shì něi-guó cài?
- 2. 这个餐厅什么菜有名? Zhèi-.ge cāntīng shén.me cài yǒumíng?
- 3. 这个餐厅的电话号码是多少? Zhèi-.ge cāntīng .de diànhuà hàomă shì duōshǎo?
- 4. 这个餐厅几点开门(to open)? 几点关门(to close)? Zhèi-.ge cāntīng jǐ-diǎn kāimén? Jǐ-diǎn guānimén?

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#### **Culture**

**20** Write T if the statement below is true or F if it is false. (8 points)

1	Chinese people eat many more varieties of vegetables than Westerners do.
2	Like the Japanese, Chinese people in the past loved to eat sashimi (raw
	sliced fish).
3	You can find fast food restaurant chains such as McDonald's and KFC in
	Chinese tourist spots such as the Forbidden City and Beihai Park.
4.	Steamed packed lunches used to be more popular in Taiwan than in China.

**21** Answer the following questions in English. (2 points)

- 1. In the past, Chinese people who lived in the south ate a lot of rice. What was the common staple food of the Chinese people who lived in the north?
- 2. If tea is made the Chinese way, which cup from the pot (first, second, or third) will be the most flavorful?

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# **Unit 5 Test**

# Vocabulary

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

1 You will hear for seasons with the three months. Write down the number of the month in Chinese characters in the appropriate blanks. (12 points)



1. 春天 chūn.tiān:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè



2. 夏天 xià.tiān: \_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè, \_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè, \_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè



3. 秋天 qiū.tiān: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè



4. 冬天 dōng.tiān: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè,\_\_\_\_\_\_月 yuè

**2** You will hear three statements. Underline logical if the statement is true or illogical if it is not. (3 points)

- 1. logical / illogical
- 2. logical / illogical
- 3. logical / illogical

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#### **Writing Test**

3 Choose an adjective from the box that best describes the situations in the sentences.

Write the adjective on the line. (10 points)

饿è热 rè冷 lěng糟糕 zāogāo好玩儿 hǎowánr渴 kě凉 liáng讨厌 tǎoyàn温暖 wēnnuǎn好喝 hǎohē

1.	我要吃冰淇淋。	Wŏ yào	chī bīng.qílín.

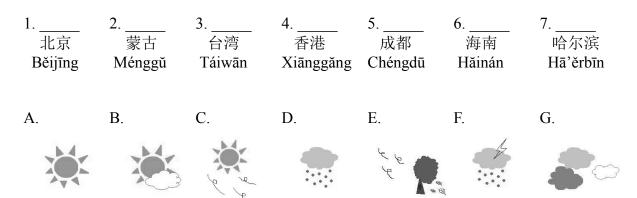
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# **Language Patterns**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

4 You will hear the weather forecast of seven different cities. Match the city with the letter of the corresponding weather. (7 points)

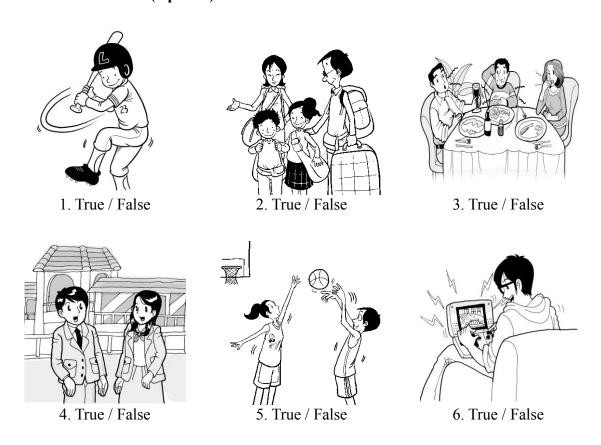


**5** You will hear two statements. Circle true or false according to what you hear. Rewrite any false statements in Pinyin to make them true. (3 points)

1.	True / False	 	 	
2.	True / False			

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**6** You will hear six statements. Underline True if the statement matches the illustration or False if it does not. (6 points)



#### **Writing Test**

- **7** Write the letter of the corresponding festival on the line to complete the sentences below. (5 points)
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ 的时候.de shíhòu,大家吃粽子 dàjiā chī zòng.zi。
    - A. 清明节 Qīngmíngjié B. 中秋节 Zhōngqiūjié C. 端午节 Duānwŭjié
  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 的时候.de shíhòu,大家放鞭炮 dàjiā fàng biānpào。
    - A. 春节 Chūnjié B. 重阳节 Chóngyángjié C. 元宵节 Yuánxiāojié

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3. \_\_\_\_\_ 的时候.de shíhòu,爸爸送给妈妈一束花(a bouquet) bà.x sòng gěi mā.x yí-shù huā。

A. 七夕 Qīxī B. 除夕 Chúxī C. 重阳节 Chóngyángjié

4. \_\_\_\_\_ 的时候.de shíhòu,我们说"恭喜" dàjiā shu ō "g ō ngx ǐ"。

A. 除夕 Chúxī B. 春节 Chūnjié C. 冬至 Dōngzhì

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 的时候.de shíhòu,全家人一起吃饭,晚饭一定有鱼 quán jiārén yìqǐ chī-fàn, wănfàn yídìng yǒu yú。

A. 除夕 Chúxī B. 春节 Chūnjié C. 中元节 Zhōngyuánjié

# **8** Complete each sentence in Pinyin according to the illustration. (3 points)

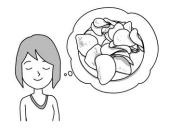


1. 因为



2. 因为

所以她很健康(healthy) suǒ.yǐ tā hěn jiànkāng。



3. 因为她要看电影 Yīn.wèi tā yào kàn diànyǐng,

<b>归:</b>	名字:	
Match eac	h question in the right column with the	e corresponding response in the left
column. (6		
	_ 你可以马上来吗? <i>Nǐ kě</i> yǐ măshàng lái .ma?	D. 我一点儿也不喜欢肉。 Wǒ yì.diănr yě bù xǐ huān ròu.
2	_ 你只吃牛肉吗? <i>Nǐ</i> zhǐ chī niúròu .ma?	B. 不,他觉得太咸了。Bù, tā jué tài xián .le.
3	_ 他喜欢鸡汤面吧?Tā xǐ.huān jītāngmiàn .ba?	C. 牛肉面又香又好吃。Niúròum yòu xiāng yòu hǎochī.
4	_ 你很喜欢吃肉吧? <i>Nǐ hě</i> n xǐ.huān chī ròu .ba?	D. 得看那个时候几度。Děi kàn nèige shíhòu jǐ-dù.
5	_ 牛肉面好吃吗? Niúròumiàn hǎochī .ma?	E. 除了牛肉,我也吃猪肉。Chú niúròu, wǒ yě chī zhūròu.
6	_ 睡觉的时候,可以开空调吗? Shuìjiào .de shíhòu, <i>kě</i> yǐ kāi kōngtiáo .ma?	F. 等一下,我在跟我妈妈说话。 Děng yí.xià, wǒ zài gēn wǒ mā shuō-huà.
	pattern "一点儿也/都不 yì.diǎnr yě/ dō	ou bù" to answer the following
question	ns in Pinyin. (6 points)	
1. 法语很对	唯吧? Făyǔ hěn nán .ba?	
2. 墨西哥茅	菜很辣吧?Mòxīgē cài hěn là .ba?	
3. 爷爷游?	永很慢吧?Yé.x yóuyŏng hĕn màn .ba?	
4. 做香包彳	限容易吧?Zuò xiāngbāo hěn róngyì .ba	?
5. 芝麻冰	其淋很好吃吧?Zhīmá bīngqīlín hěn hǎo	ochī .ba?
	免上两点睡,现在很累吧?Nǐ zuó.tiān v	wăn.shàng liăng-diăn shuì, xiànzài hĕ

# **11** Look at the calendar and answer the following questions in Pinyin. (10 points)

五月 Wŭyı	ıè					
星期一	星期二	星期三	星期四	星期五	星期六	星期日
Xīngqīyī	Xīngqī'èr	Xīngqīsān	Xīngqīsì	Xīngqīwŭ	Xīngqīliù	Xīngqīrì
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	<b>今</b> 天		24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

- 1. 今天是几月几号? Jīn.tiān shì jǐ-yuè jǐ-hào?
- 2. 下下个月是几月? Xià xià-.ge yuè shì jǐ-yuè?
- 3. 上个月是四月吗? Shàng.ge yuè shì Sìyuè .ma?
- 4. 五月有多少天? Wǔyuè yǒu duōshǎo tiān?
- 5. 这个月有几个周末? Zhèi-.ge yuè yǒu jǐ-.ge zhōumò?
- 6. 今天是星期几? Jīn.tiān shì xīngqī-jǐ?
- 7. 大前天是星期日吗? Dàqián.tiān shì Xīngqīrì .ma?
- 8. 后天是不是二十五号? Hòu.tiān shì .bú shì èr.shíwǔ hào?
- 9. 上上个星期五是几号? Shàng shàng-.ge Xīngqīwǔ shì jǐ-hào?
- 10. 下个星期六还是五月吗? Xià-.ge Xīngqīliù hái shì Wǔyuè .ma?

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#### **Proficiency Writing**

**12** You will hear five Chinese words. Write each word in Chinese characters. (5 points)

1.	2.	3.

#### **Speaking**

**13** Role play the following situation with your teacher. (10 points)

- 1. Greet your teacher. (1 point)
- 2. Say how the weather is today and ask what weather your teacher likes. (2 points)
- 3. Say what weather you like. (1 point)
- 4. Ask what season your teacher likes. (1 point)
- 5. Say the season you like and why (maybe because of something you like to do in that season or just because of the weather). (2 points)
- 6. Ask what Chinese festivals your teacher likes. (1 point)
- 7. Say what Chinese festivals you like and why. (2 points)

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### Reading

**14** Answer each question in Pinyin according to the information provided in the chart below. (5 points)

柏林 Bólín (Berlin)	多云时晴 duōyún shí qíng
伦敦 Lúndūn (London)	多云转阴有雨 duōyún zhuǎn yīn yǒu yǔ
巴黎 Bālí (Paris)	晴时多云 qíng shí duōyún
东京 Dōngjīng (Tokyo)	晴转阵雨 qíng zhuǎn zhèn yǔ
纽约 Niŭyuē (New York)	晴时多云转阵雨 qíng shí duōyún zhuǎn zhèn yǔ

- 1. 巴黎的天气怎么样? Bālí .de tiān.qì zěn.meyàng?
- 2. 伦敦是晴天吗? Lúndūn shì qíng.tiān .ma?
- 3. 东京下雪吗? Dōngjīng xià-xuě .ma?
- 4. 哪几个城市(city)会下雨? Nă jǐ-.ge chéngshì huì xià-yǔ?
- 5. 在柏林,阴天的时候比较多,还是晴天的时候比较多?Zài Bólín, yīn.tiān .de shíhòu bǐjiào duō, hái.shì qíng.tiān .de shíhòu bǐjiào duō?

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#### **Culture**

15 Fill in the blanks in English to complete the sentences below. (6 points)

1.	The twelve animals of the Chinese zodiac are: the rat, ox,, rabbit,
	, snake, horse, goat,, rooster, dog and, pig.
2.	Fish is considered a lucky dish to have on Chinese New Year's Eve because the
	homonym for the word fish in Chinese is
3.	In 1984, the Chinese government issued a law stating that the system
	must be used for lengths, weights, electricity, time, and speed.
4.	is the oldest surviving imperial garden to be built in the world.

**16** Write T if the statement below is true or F if it is not. (4 points)

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ A lunar year is shorter than a year of the Western calendar.
- 2. Chinese children are given red envelopes as gifts on Dragon Boat Festival.

# **Unit 6 Test**

### **Vocabulary**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

You will hear nine items lettered A - I. Match the letter of the item to the corresponding illustration. (9 points)



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**2** You will hear three statements. Underline True if the statement matches the illustration or False if it does not. (3 points)



1. True / False



2. True / False



3. True / False

- **3** You will hear three statements. Underline logical if the statement is true or illogical if it is not. (3 points)
  - 1. logical / illogical
  - 2. logical / illogical
  - 3. logical / illogical

#### **Writing Test**

- 4 Fill in the blanks with the letter of the appropriate choice for each sentence. (5 points)
  - 1. 今天很冷 Jīn.tiān hěn lěng,所以我穿 suǒ.yǐ wǒ chuān \_\_\_\_\_。
    - A. 毛衣 máoyī B. 短裙 duǎn qún C. 吊带衫 diàodàishān
  - 2. 你要买什么 Nǐ yào mǎi shén.me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 的 T 恤.de T-xù?
    - A. 蓝色 lánsè B. 米色 mǐsè C. 颜色 yánsè

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3. 这条橘黄色的 Zhèi-tiáo júhuángsè .de \_\_\_\_\_\_\_多少钱 duōshǎo qián?

A. 衬衫 chènshān B. 鞋子 xié.zi C. 裤子 kù.zi

4. 我觉得这件背心很 Wǒ jué.de zhèi-jiàn bèixīn hěn \_\_\_\_\_。

- A. 不好玩 bù hǎowán B. 不好看 bù hǎokàn C. 不好意思 bù hǎoyì.si
- 5. 爸爸去 Bà.x qù \_\_\_\_\_\_ 买一只狗给妹妹 mǎi yì-zhī gǒu gěi mèi.x。

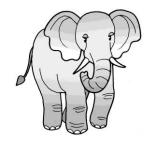
- A. 手机店 shǒujīdiàn B. 宠物店 chǒngwùdiàn C. 百货商店 bǎihuò shāngdiàn

# **5** Write down a likely color in Pinyin for each object below. (5 points)











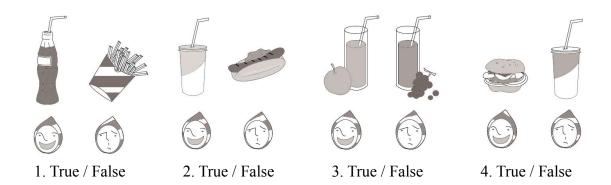


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#### **Language Patterns**

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

**6** You will hear four statements about feelings. Underline True if the statement matches the illustration or False if it does not. (4 points)



**7** You will hear five statements. Match the corresponding reply. (5 points)

1 A. 真便 <u>'</u>	1! 你要不要买?	Zhēn pián.yí! Nǐ yào	.bú yào măi?
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- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ B. 那你买黄色的吧。Nà nǐ mǎi huáng.sè .de .ba.
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ C. 很美,很适合你。Hěn měi, hěn shìhé nǐ.

5. \_\_\_\_\_ E. 我不喜欢白色的,我比较喜欢黑色的。Wǒ bù xǐ.huān bái.sè .de, wǒ bǐjiào xǐ.huān hēi.sè .de.

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O	Listen to the recording and fill in the missing words using Pinyin.	(6 points)

1. 请问您 Qǐngwèn nín	帮忙吗 bāngmáng .ma?	
2. 我想 Wǒ xiǎng	那件粉红色的大衣 Nèi-jiàn fěnhó	ng.sè .de dàyī。
3. 这条裤子 Zhèi-tiáo kù.zi	便宜 pián.yí,	_好看 hǎokàn。
4. 今天 Jīn.tiān	冷 lěng,你得穿多 <i>nǐ</i> děi chuān duō	0

#### **Writing Test**

# **9** Choose the correct answer to complete the sentences below. (5 points)

1. 这/	个东西打 Zhè	ige dōng	g.xī dă				折zhé。
	A. 几 jǐ	B. 多少	duōshăo	C. 什	么 shén.me		
2. 这作	牛外套 Zhèi-j	iàn wàitào					号hào。
	A. 哪 nă	B. 几 jǐ	C. 多少	duōsl	ıăo		
3. 请你	尔帮我买饮料	<i>Qĭng</i> nĭ t	oāng wŏ <i>mă</i>	<i>i</i> yĭnlia	ào,		?
	A. 好吗 hǎc	na B	. 是吗 shì .r	ma	C. 对不对 d	uì .bú du	ıì
4. 你想	想买 Nǐ xiǎng	măi				_ 的衣服	de yī.fú?
	A. 什么 shé	en.me B	. 怎么 zěn.r	ne	C. 什么样 sh	ién.meya	àng
5. 我往	导去图书馆借	t Wŏ dĕi q	ıù túshūguăı	n jiè _		_ 本书	běn shū∘
	A. 哪 nă	B. 几 jǐ	C. 多少 (	duōshà	ίο		

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**10** Read the following sentences and define the meaning of 请 qǐng in each sentence by writing A or B. (6 points)

A. to request; B. to invite

1	_朱红请同学借给她一支笔。Zhū Hóng qǐng tóngxué jiè gĕi tā yì-zhī bǐ.
2	_ 我请哥哥带我去海边玩。 <i>Wǒ</i> qǐng gē.x dài wǒ qù hǎibiān wán.
3	_ 林先生要请朋友吃饭。Lín xiān.shēng yào qǐng péng.yǒu chī-fàn.
4	_ 弟弟请妈妈买一只狗给他。Dì.x qǐng mā.x mǎi yì-zhī gǒu gěi tā.
5	_他请大家去他的生日晚会。Tā qǐng dàjiā qù tā.de shēng.rì wǎnhuì.
6.	许亭请我去她家打台球。Xǔ Tíng <i>aǐng</i> wǒ qù tā jiā dǎ táiqiú.

- **11** Decide if the following sentences are grammatically correct or not. Write Y on the first blank if the sentence is correct or N if it is not. Correctly rewrite any grammatically incorrect sentences on the second line. (10 points)
  - 1. 他来我家自己。Tā lái wǒ jiā zìjǐ.

,			

2. 你不可以去海边以后晚上十点。Nǐ bù kěyǐ qù hǎibiān yǐhòu wǎn.shàng shí-diǎn.

3. 弟弟想买几只宠物。Dì.x xiǎng mǎi jǐ zhī chǒngwù.



日期:	名字:
4. )	周末哪里你要去?Zhōumò <i>nălǐ</i> nǐ yào qù?
_	
5. 革	挂店在中间书店和茶店。Xiédiàn zài zhōngjiān shūdiàn hé chádiàn.
_	<b></b>
12	Answer the following questions using the adverbs 比较 <i>bǐjiào</i> or 最 <i>zuì</i> . (6 points)
1. ′	你喜欢什么颜色? Nǐ xǐ.huān shén.me yán.sè?
	红色 hóng.sè、绿色 lǜ.sè、黑色 hēi.sè
2. /	你喜欢什么衣服? <i>Nǐ</i> xǐ.huān shén.me yī.fú?
	衬衫 chènshān、T 恤 T-xù、毛衣 máoyī
3.	你喜欢去哪里? <i>Nǐ</i> xǐ.huān qù <i>nǎ</i> lǐ?
	书店 shūdiàn、海边 hǎibiān、百货商店 bǎihuò shāngdiàn
4	. 你喜欢什么样的衣服? <i>Nǐ</i> xǐ.huān shén.meyàng .de yī.fú?
••	紧 jǐn、松 sōng、合身 héshēn

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5. 你觉得什么裤子好看? Nǐ xǐ.huān shén.me kù.zi hǎokàn?

短裤 duǎn kù、长裤 cháng kù、牛仔裤 niúzǎikù

6. 哪个便宜? Něi-.ge pián.yí?

打八折 dǎ bā-zhé、打三折 dǎ sān-zhé、打六折 dǎ liù-zhé

# **13** Answer the following questions in complete sentences according to the illustrations. (3 points)

1.



Q: 这是中国的食物吗? Zhè shì Zhōng.guó .de shíwù .ma?

A:

2.



Q: 这是日本的节日吗? Zhè shì Rìběn .de jié.rì .ma?

A:

3.



Q: 这是美国的钱吗? Zhè shì Měi.guó .de qián .ma?

A:

日期:	名字:	

## **Proficiency Writing**

**14** You will hear Chinese vocabularies and write down the characters. (5 points)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_

## **Speaking**

**15** Role-play the following situation with your teacher. (10 points)

You play the role of an American tourist in China who wants to buy some Chinese-style clothes and your teacher plays the role of the salesperson. Use the following situation provided to have a conversation.

- Ask the salesperson if they have the Chinese-style clothes. (1 point)
- Say what clothes you would like. Pants, skirt, shirts, or coat. (1 points)
- Say your size. (1 point)
- Say the color you like and ask if they have it. (2 points)
- Ask if they have bigger or smaller size. (1 point)
- Say what you think of the clothes and ask the salesperson's opinion. (2 points)
- Ask the price. (1 point)
- Ask if they have discount now. (1 points)

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## Reading

**16** Read the department store's flyer and answer the following questions in Pinyin. (5 points)

# 万来百货

冬季大拍卖 流行服饰全面三折 外套、大衣 买一送一

即日起至一月三十日止

- 1. 这家百货商店叫什么名字? Zhèi-jiā bǎihuò shāngdiàn jiào shén.me míng.zì?
- 2. 什么季节(season)的衣服在拍卖(on sale)? Shén.me jìjié .de yī.fú zài pāimài?
- 3. 现在衣服打几折? Xiànzài yī.fú dǎ jǐ-zhé?
- 4. 什么衣服买一送一? Shén.me yī.fú mǎi yī sòng yī?
- 5. "即日"是一月三十日吗?"Jí rì"shì Yīyuè sān.shí-rì .ma?

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### **Culture**

**17** Fill in the blanks to complete the sentences below in Pinyin. (4 points)

1.	is the name of the famous commercial street located in Beijing's
	Dongcheng District with the Forbidden City to its west.
2.	textiles are a favorite of Chinese aristocracy and have been
	documented to last up to a thousand years.
3.	Clothing sizes in Taiwan are labeled using letters (XS, S, M, L and XL), while in
	China clothes are labeled with two different
1	Japan's Kyoto city was modeled after Chinese cities of the Dynasty

**18** Answer the following questions in English. (3 points)

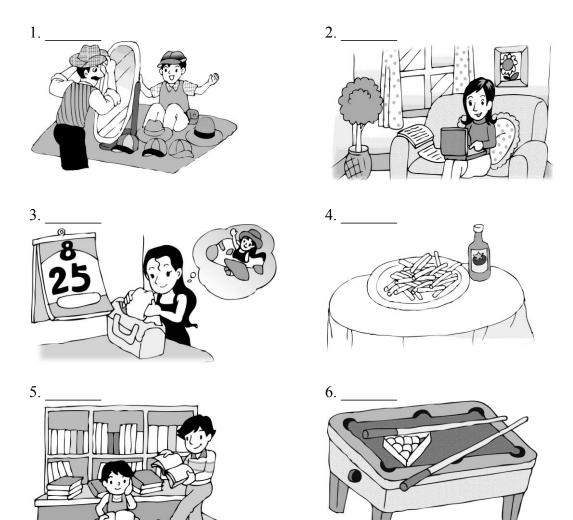
1. What are the five elements that the ancient Chinese thought made up all things in nature?
2. What does China have to do with the Japanese Taika Reform?

### **Final Exam**

## Vocabulary

#### **Listening Comprehension Test**

**1** You will hear six statements for the illustrations below. Write T if the statement matches the illustration or F if it does not. (6 points)



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**2** You will hear three statements. Underline True or False for each statement.

(3 points)

- 1. True / False 2. True / False 3. True / False
- **3** You will hear three dialogues. Underline logical or illogical for each dialogue. (3 points)
  - 1. logical / illogical 2. logical / illogical 3. logical / illogical

#### **Writing Test**

**4** Write the appropriate measure word in Pinyin for each illustration below. (4 points)









- 5 Fill in the blanks with the letter of the best choice to complete each sentence below. (4 points)
  - 1. 渴的时候 Kě .de shíhòu,你可以 nǐ kěyǐ qù \_\_\_\_\_。

A. 茶店 chádiàn B. 鸟店 niǎodiàn C. 面包店 miànbāodiàn

2. 天气热的时候 Tiān.qì rè .de shíhòu,我喜欢穿 wǒ xǐ.huān chuān 。

A. 西装 xīzhuāng B. 外套 wàitào C. 吊带衫 diàodàishān

日期:		名字	롣:	
3. 弟弟下	课以后 Dì.x xià-è y	rĭhòu	电子游	戏 diànzĭ yóuxì。
	A. 有 yǒu B.	上 shàng C. 打 dǎ		
4. 美国一	共有三 Měi.guó yíg	gòng yŏu sān		人 rén。
	A. 万 wàn B.	亿 yì C. 千万 qiānwà	àn	
<b>6</b> Fill in t	the blanks with Pin	yin to complete the s	entences below. (4	points)
1. 苹果有	了两种颜色 Píng.gu¢	Ď <i>y</i> Ŏ <i>u liăng</i> -zhŎng yán	.sè,红色和 hóng.	sè
hé_				o
2. 葡萄也	有两种颜色 Pú.táo	yĕ yŏu liăng-zhŏng yź	án.sè,	和绿色 hé
lù.	.sè。			
3. 阴天的	时候 Yīn.tiān .de sł	níhòu,天空( <i>sky</i> )是 ti	ānkōng shì	的.de。
4. 黑巧克	力是黑色的 Hēi qi	ăo.kèlì shì hēi.sè .de,	白巧克力是 bái qi	ăo.kèlì
shì_				
Langu	age Patte	rns		
Listenin	ıg Comprehe	nsion Test		
		its or questions. Writ		ement or question
		3		
4	5	6	_	

**8** You will hear three statements. Circle T (true on the first blank line if the statement matches the illustration below or F (false) if it does not. Correctly rewrite any false statements in Pinyin on the second line. (9 points)



1. <u>T/F</u>



2. <u>T/F</u>



3. <u>T/F</u>

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- **9** You will hear three longer dialogues. Write the letter of the correct statement for each dialogue. (3 points)
  - 1. A. 小姐和先生都喜欢黑色。Xiǎojiě hé xiān.shēng dōu xǐ.huān hēi.sè.
    - B. 先生觉得蓝色的裙子太老。Xiān.shēng jué.de lán.sè .de qún.zi tài lǎo.
    - C. 小姐觉得黑色的比较好看。Xiǎojiě jué.de hēi.sè .de bǐjiào hǎokàn.
  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_A. 衣服只有一件。Yī.fú zhǐ yǒu yí-jiàn.
    - B. 这件衣服没有折扣。Zhèi-jiàn yī.fú méi.yǒu zhékòu.
    - C. 八折以后已经是最便宜的了。Dǎ-zhé yǐhòu yǐjīng shì zuì pián.yí .de .le.
  - 3. A. 先生夏天不在美国。Xiān.shēng xià.tiān bú zài Měi.guó.
    - B. 先生八月初回中国。Xiān.shēng Bāyuè chū huí Zhōng.guó.
    - C. 小姐三月的时候要去北京。Xiǎo.jiě Sānyuè .de shíhòu yào qù Běijīng.

日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_

#### **Writing Test**

- **10** The following sentences are grammatically incorrect. Underline the incorrect part and correctly rewrite each sentence. (5 points)
  - 1. 我家有三口猫。Wǒ jiā yǒu sān-kǒu māo.
  - 2. 这件衣服打几折扣?Zhèi-jiàn yī.fú dǎ zhékòu?
  - 3. 那件连衣裙一点儿老。Nèi-jiàn liányīqún yì.diǎnr lǎo.
  - 4. 这条裤子又贵和不好看。Zhèi-tiáo kù.zi yòu guì hé bù hǎokàn.
  - 5. 上课的时候,不会打电话。Shàng-kè .de shíhòu, bú huì dǎ diànhuà.

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日期:	<b>名子:</b>

11	Reorder these words to make a complete sentence. Write the letters below each
	word on the line in the correct order. (3 points)

1. 想 xiǎng 衣服 yī.fú 他 tā 选 xuǎn 自己 zìjǐ

A B C D E

2. <u>打折 dǎ-zhé 便宜 pián.yí 裤子 kù.zi 的.de 比较 bǐjiào</u>

A B C D E

3. 最 zuì 我 wǒ 喜欢 xǐ.huān 冰淇淋 bīngqīlín 草莓 cǎoméi

A B C D E

**12** Use the pattern or question word below to make a sentence or a question. (5 points)

1. 又...又...yòu...yòu...

2. 什么样 shén.meyàng

4. 不但...,而且...búdàn..., érqiě...

5. 除了…以外,也/还…chú.le…yǐwài, yĕ/ hái…

# **13** Write a complete sentence in Pinyin for each illustration below. (5 points)



1. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_0



3. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



4.

\_\_\_\_\_0



5. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_0

# **Proficiency Writing**

# **14** Write the corresponding Chinese characters for each illustration below. (4 points)





1				

2. \_\_\_\_\_

# **15** Write a short essay in Pinyin that includes the statements about the following. (8 points)

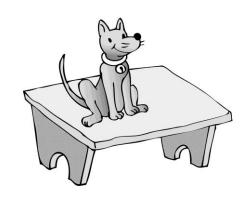
- Your favorite breakfast
- Your favorite drink
- Your favorite food
- Your favorite ice cream flavor
- Your favorite Chinese dishes or the Chinese dishes you want to try
- Your favorite season, and the reason you like it
- Your favorite weather, and the reason you like it
- Your favorite color

日期: \_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_\_

# **Speaking**

# **16** Answer the questions orally according to the illustrations below. (4 points)





- 1. 他几点到学校?
- 2. 老师很不高兴吗?

- 3. 这里有几只狗?
- 4. 狗在椅子下面吗?
- **17** Answer the eight questions that your teacher asks you. (8 points)
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4.
  - 5.
  - 6.
  - 7. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 8. \_\_\_\_\_

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## Reading

# **18** Write the correct answers in Pinyin based on the menu below. (7 points)

饭友餐馆								
凉菜 肉类 蔬菜			蔬菜类		主食			
台式泡菜	10	宫保鸡丁	35	炒青菜	28	面	5	
凉拌土豆丝	10	贵妃油鸡	32	炒鲜笋	28	米饭	5	
		姜汁牛肉	37	清炒双冬	33	饺子	10	
海鲜		青椒牛肉	26	开阳白菜	32			
清蒸鱼	45	橙汁猪排	28	干煸四季豆	36	汤		
红烧鱼	48	孜然羊肉	30	西红柿炒蛋	30	酸辣汤	40	
鳳梨蝦球	43	葱爆羊肉	36			鲜鱼汤	60	
醋溜鱼片	42	北京烤鸭	90			青菜豆腐汤	20	

- 1. 这是哪国菜? Zhè shì něi-guó cài?
- 2. 这家餐馆叫什么名字? Zhèi-jiā cānguǎn jiào shén.me míng.zì?
- 3. 他们只有米饭这一种主食(*maple food*)吗? Tā.mén *zhǐ* yǒu mǐfàn zhèi-*zhŏng* zhǔshí .ma?
- 4. 他们有几种肉? Tā.mén yǒu jǐ-zhǒng ròu?
- 5. 如果(if)想吃猪肉,可以点什么菜? Rúguǒ xiǎng chī zhūròu, kěyǐ diǎn shén.me cài?
- 6. 如果(*if*)想吃有蛋的菜,可以点哪道? Rú*guǒ* xiǎng chī yǒu dàn .de cài, *kěyǐ diǎn* něi-dào?
- 7. "海鲜"是什么?"Hǎixiān"shì shén.me? (NOTE: you may write it in English.)

日期: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 名字: \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Culture**

**19** Write T (true) or F (false) in the blanks for each statement below. (3 points)

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2,000 years ago, the Chinese used the Silk Road to trade with neighboring countries Japan and Korea.

2. \_\_\_\_\_ You will not see a sign that says "Beijing: 60 miles" in China.

3. \_\_\_\_\_ "Dim sum" is a kind of tea that is traditionally found in Chinese tea houses.

**20** Answer the following questions in English according to what you have learned. (6 points)

1. Which Chinese festival is on the May fifth in the lunar calendar? Name a dish that is traditionally consumed on this day.

2. A child born in 2010 is born in the year of the according to the Chinese Zodiac. How old will this child be when the next year of the ox occurs? What year will this be in A.D.?

3. Children in China are required to have nine years of education. According to the Chinese educational system, if a child chooses not to continue education after that, how old would he/she be when he/she leaves school? Which levels of education would he/she have completed?